

## MINORITY UPHOLDS TREATY; DENOUNCES LODGE REPORT

(Continued from First Page.)

the it be not divinely perfect in every detail."

The report contended that the industrial world was "in ferment," the financial world in doubt, and commerce halted, while delay on the Treaty had been caused "by a majority of the committee known to be out of harmony with the majority of the Senate and

the majority of the people." This was declared to be government by obstruction as well as by minority.

### TRADE SUFFERS FROM DELAY IN RATIFICATION.

Export trade, the report said, had suffered because of delay in ratification that private credit waited for peace, and that this Government, which has been advancing to European Governments has about reached the end of authority given

it by Congress. Private enterprise, it said, from now on must keep American commerce with Europe.

Answering the majority, the report said exports to Germany since the armistice amounted to only fourteen cents worth of American products for each person in Germany, or two cents per person per month.

"Referring to the action of the majority of the committee," said the report, "we unite in opposing and condemning the recommendations, both as to textual amendments and as to proposed reservations. As far as the proposed textual amendments are concerned, we see no reason to discuss their character at length.

"In our opinion they have no merit, but whether they be good, bad or indifferent, their adoption by the Senate can have no possible effect except to defeat the participation of the United States in the treaty. None of them could by any possibility be accepted, even by the great nations associated with the United States in the war, and none of them could by any possibility be dictated to Germany. To adopt any one of them, therefore, is equivalent to rejecting the treaty.

To adopt an amendment or to reject the treaty means that the United States will sacrifice all of the concessions secured from Germany by a dictated peace. While these concessions are not so large as those which other nations associated with us secure in reparations, they are nevertheless of tremendous importance and could be only secured under a dictated peace.

### TWELVE CONCESSIONS WHICH U. S. WOULD LOSE.

"First—Germany's acknowledgment of responsibility for the war and her promise to make restitution for damages resulting from it.

"Second—Germany's promise to us in the treaty that she will not impose higher or other customs, duties or charges on our goods than those charged to the most favored nation and will not prohibit or restrict, or discriminate against imports directly or indirectly from our country.

"Third—Germany's promise to us in the treaty that she will make no discrimination in German ports on shipping bearing our flag and that our shipping in German ports will be given as favorable treatment as German ships receive.

"Fourth—That for six months after the treaty goes into effect

no customs duty will be levied against imports from the United States except the lowest duties that were in force for the first six months of 1914.

"Fifth—Germany's agreement with us that the United States shall have the privilege of receiving such of the treaties with Germany as were in existence prior to the war as we may alone desire.

"Sixth—Germany's promise to us to restore the property of our citizens seized in Germany or to compensate the owners.

"Seventh—Germany's very important agreement validating all acts by the United States and by the Alien Property Custodian by which we seized and proceeded to liquidate \$300,000,000 worth of property in the United States belonging to German citizens.

### COULD NOT COLLECT DAMAGES FOR LUSITANIA.

"Eighth—Germany's agreement that the proceeds of the sale of these properties may be used to compensate our citizens if Germany fails to do so, or to pay debts which Germany or Germans owe to American citizens, or to pay Americans pre-war claims against Germany for property destroyed and lives taken similar to the losses because of the destruction of the Lusitania.

"Ninth—Germany's agreement that she will compensate her own citizens for property, patents and other things belonging to them in the United States seized during the war by our Government.

"Tenth—Germany's agreement that no claim can be made against the United States in respect to the use or sale during the war by our Government, or by persons acting for our Government, of any rights in industrial, literary or artistic property including patents.

"Eleventh—Germany's agreement that the United States shall retain over 500,000 tons of German shipping seized in American ports which much more than compensates us for shipping loss during the war.

"Twelfth—We would lose our membership on the Reparations Commission, which will be the most powerful international body ever created, and which will have enormous control over the trade and commerce of Germany, with the rest of the world for years to come. It not only supervises the use of German economic resources, but it can restrict or expand Germany's imports and distributes much of her desirable exports including dyes. In no way can the United States assure itself against discrimination in German imports and financial policies unless we have a member upon this great Reparations Commission.

### WORK OF SENATORS ORGANIZED TO DESTROY LEAGUE.

"The reservations proposed by the majority of this committee

are of such a character as at once betray their authorship. They are the work of Senators organized for the purpose of destroying the League and if possible defeating this treaty. Their phraseology is such as make this purpose plain. They are in no sense interpretative reservations to be used to make clear language in the treaty that might be considered doubtful, but they are so framed as to receive the support of Senators who desire the defeat of the treaty.

"While masquerading in the guise of reservations they are in fact alterations of the treaty.

"The League of Nations proposes to organize the nations of the world for peace whereas they have always heretofore been organized for war. It proposes to establish the rule of international justice in place of force. It proposes to make a war of conquest impossible by uniting all nations against the offenders.

"It is the first international arrangement ever made by which small and weak nations are given the organized strength of the world for protection.

"It is a covenant between many nations by which each agrees not to do certain things which in the past have produced wars and to do many things which have been found to preserve the peace.

"It is a working plan for the gradual reduction of armament by all members simultaneously in proper proportion and by agreement.

"It sets up arbitration as a friendly method of adjusting disputes and inquiry when arbitration is not agreed to. In both cases it provided a cooling off period of nine months, during which the differences will be adjusted.

"It preserves the territorial integrity and political independence of

each member and leaves to each the exercise of its sovereign rights as a nation.

"We renew our recommendation that the work of the Peace Conference be confirmed, the will of the people fulfilled, the peace of the world advanced by the ratification of this treaty—the best hope of the world—even if, like all human institutions, it be not divinely perfect in every detail."

### HARDING SAYS HE WILL VOTE FOR AMENDMENTS.

Declaring his intention to vote for amendments to the Peace Treaty, Senator Harding, Republican, of Ohio, told the Senate to-day that every day of discussion, presidential utterances included, and every hour of study combined to persuade him that "The League of Nations venture, in the form in which the covenant has been negotiated, is one of peril to the Republic."

To accept it unaltered, he argued, would be a betrayal of America. "It is my deliberate conviction," he said, "that the League of Nations covenant as negotiated at Paris either creates a super-government of the nations which enter it, or it will prove the colossal disappointment of the ages. I cannot believe this Republic ought to sanction it in either case."

### Admiral Wilson to be Honored by Post Bearing Name.

Veterans of Foreign Wars announced to-day that Admiral H. B. Wilson, U. S. N., will be received as a recruit to-morrow night by the organization's post that bears his name. The ceremony will take place at the post headquarters, Bohemian Hall, No. 221 East 74th street. On the same evening national officers of the V. F. W. will visit Argonne Post at the Brooklyn Borough hall, where a stand of colors will be presented to the post.

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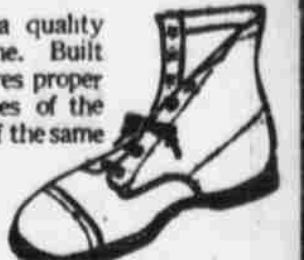
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12.00

Our other new Fall styles consist of Black Calf Shoes, at 10.50 and 11.00 and an exceptionally fine quality at 14.00. Then there are some Cordovans at 12.50 and some fine quality English Brogue Shoes of Grained Leather at 14.00 and Cordovans at 15.00.

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The Shirts are on sale at a price which represents now only the cost of materials. They are "made to fit" products with durability and steadfastness of color in every thread. The difference between this sale price and the every day selling price amounts to a considerable saving.

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Woven into the fantastic figures of a genuine Chinese Rug are the mysterious symbols of a nation that had attained civilization while we were yet a primitive people. They have an import other than beauty, these symbols, which holds our interest and inspires us with a desire to possess them.

We announce to every one—for they are within the reach of all—a remarkably fine collection of genuine Chinese Rugs. Because these were secured before the present great scarcity, their prices are exceedingly low. They have been held in reserve for this great Sale. The following items are illustrative of the values presented:

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Size 7x10 ft.....regularly 275.00	<b>195.00</b>	Size 10x12 ft.....regularly 625.00	<b>495.00</b>
Size 7.2x11 ft.....regularly 287.00	<b>225.00</b>	Size 9x13 ft.....regularly 550.00	<b>425.00</b>
Size 8x10 ft.....regularly 275.00	<b>195.00</b>	Size 10x14 ft.....regularly 750.00	<b>595.00</b>
Size 8x10 ft.....regularly 375.00	<b>275.00</b>	Size 11x17.2 ft.....regularly 1050.00	<b>795.00</b>
Size 9x12 ft.....regularly 450.00	<b>295.00</b>	Size 12x15 ft.....regularly 1250.00	<b>875.00</b>

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